## § 60.4330 What emission limits must I meet for sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)?

- (a) If your turbine is located in a continental area, you must comply with either paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section. If your turbine is located in Alaska, you do not have to comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) of this section until January 1, 2008.
- (1) You must not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the subject stationary combustion turbine any gases which contain  $SO_2$  in excess of 110 nanograms per Joule (ng/J) (0.90 pounds per megawatt-hour (lb/MWh)) gross output, or
- (2) You must not burn in the subject stationary combustion turbine any fuel which contains total potential sulfur emissions in excess of 26 ng  $SO_2/J$  (0.060 lb  $SO_2/MMBtu$ ) heat input. If your turbine simultaneously fires multiple fuels, each fuel must meet this requirement.
- (b) If your turbine is located in a noncontinental area or a continental area that the Administrator determines does not have access to natural gas and that the removal of sulfur compounds would cause more environmental harm than benefit, you must comply with one or the other of the following conditions:
- (1) You must not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the subject stationary combustion turbine any gases which contain  $SO_2$  in excess of 780 ng/J (6.2 lb/MWh) gross output, or
- (2) You must not burn in the subject stationary combustion turbine any fuel which contains total sulfur with potential sulfur emissions in excess of 180 ng  $SO_2/J$  (0.42 lb  $SO_2/MMBtu$ ) heat input. If your turbine simultaneously fires multiple fuels, each fuel must meet this requirement.

GENERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

## § 60.4333 What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?

(a) You must operate and maintain your stationary combustion turbine, air pollution control equipment, and monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions

- at all times including during startup, shutdown, and malfunction.
- (b) When an affected unit with heat recovery utilizes a common steam header with one or more combustion turbines, the owner or operator shall either:
- (1) Determine compliance with the applicable  $NO_X$  emissions limits by measuring the emissions combined with the emissions from the other unit(s) utilizing the common heat recovery unit; or
- (2) Develop, demonstrate, and provide information satisfactory to the Administrator on methods for apportioning the combined gross energy output from the heat recovery unit for each of the affected combustion turbines. The Administrator may approve such demonstrated substitute methods for apportioning the combined gross energy output measured at the steam turbine whenever the demonstration ensures accurate estimation of emissions related under this part.

## MONITORING

## $\$\,60.4335\,$ How do I demonstrate compliance for $NO_{\times}$ if I use water or steam injection?

- (a) If you are using water or steam injection to control  $NO_X$  emissions, you must install, calibrate, maintain and operate a continuous monitoring system to monitor and record the fuel consumption and the ratio of water or steam to fuel being fired in the turbine when burning a fuel that requires water or steam injection for compliance
- (b) Alternatively, you may use continuous emission monitoring, as follows:
- (1) Install, certify, maintain, and operate a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) consisting of a  $NO_X$  monitor and a diluent gas (oxygen  $(O_2)$  or carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$ ) monitor, to determine the hourly  $NO_X$  emission rate in parts per million (ppm) or pounds per million British thermal units (lb/MMBtu); and
- (2) For units complying with the output-based standard, install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a fuel flow meter (or flow meters) to continuously measure the heat input to the affected unit; and